❖ Debye-Huckel-Onsager Theory for Non-Aqueous Solutions

Before we discuss the Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory for non-aqueous solutions, recall the same for aqueous solutions i.e.

$$\Lambda = \Lambda^0 - constant\sqrt{c} \tag{187}$$

or

$$\Lambda = \Lambda^0 - (A + B\Lambda^0)\sqrt{c} \tag{188}$$

Where the two constants, A and B, are defined as

$$A = \frac{FZe_0}{3\pi\eta} \left(\frac{8\pi Z^2 e_0^2 N_A}{1000\varepsilon kT} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
 (189)

and

$$B = \frac{e_0^2 \omega}{6\varepsilon kT} \left(\frac{8\pi Z^2 e_0^2 N_A}{1000\varepsilon kT} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \tag{190}$$

Where F is the Faraday constant and N_A is the Avogadro number. The symbol ε represents the dielectric constant of the medium whereas η is the coefficient of viscosity. Z is charge numbers of the cation and anion. The symbol e_0 simply shows the electronic charge. The quantity ω is defined as

$$\omega = \frac{Z_+ Z_- 2q}{1 + \sqrt{q}}$$

Where q is defined as

$$q = \frac{Z_{+}Z_{-}}{Z_{+} + Z_{-}} \frac{\lambda_{+} + \lambda_{-}}{Z_{+}\lambda_{+} + Z_{-}\lambda_{-}}$$

it is obvious from the Debye-Huckel-Onsager equation that the plot of conductance vs square root of the concentration will be a straight line with a negative slope and positive intercept. The intercept after extrapolation gives the value of conductance of such solutions at infinite dilution.

Now, it has been observed that the Debye-Huckel-Onsager equation can also be applied to non-aqueous solutions up to the fairly good agreement. For instance, consider the variation of equivalent conductivity as a function of the square root of the concentration for different alkali sulfocyanates in methanol as the solvent. The theoretical predictions show that the results of the Debye-Hückel-Onsager equation are in good agreement with the experiment up to 0.002 mol dm⁻³.



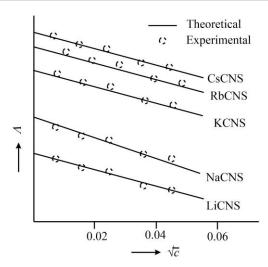


Figure 18. The variation of equivalent conductivity of alkali sulfocyanates vs $c^{1/2}$ in CH₃OH.

In going from water to nonaqueous solvent, a significant variation in the quantities like dielectric constant of the medium, the distance of the closest approach, or viscosity is observed. Now since the Debye-Hückel-Onsager equation does have these quantities, the slope and intercept of the Λ vs $c^{1/2}$ may also vary drastically.

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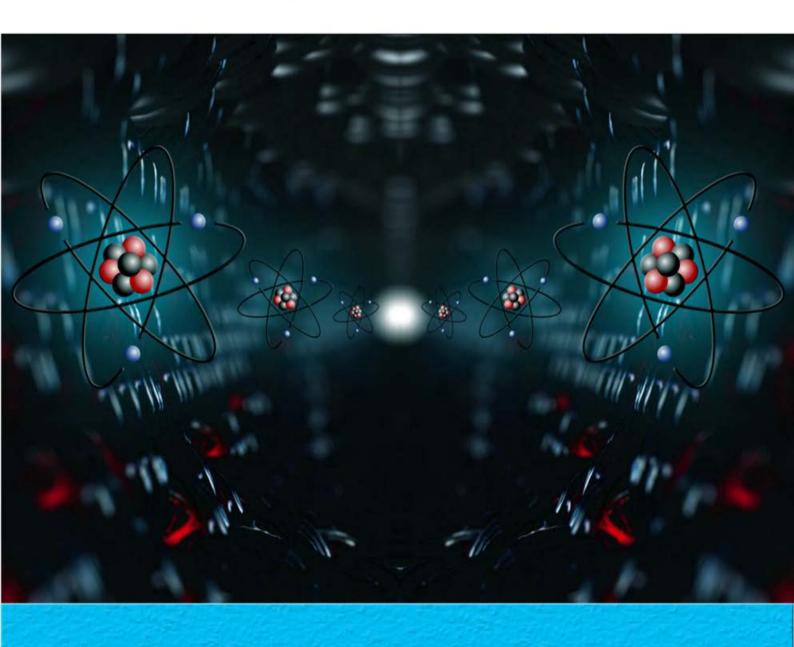
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Table of Contents

CHAP'	TER 1	11
Quai	ntum Mechanics – I	11
*	Postulates of Quantum Mechanics	11
*	Derivation of Schrodinger Wave Equation	16
*	Max-Born Interpretation of Wave Functions	21
*	The Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle	24
*	Quantum Mechanical Operators and Their Commutation Relations	29
*	Hermitian Operators – Elementary Ideas, Quantum Mechanical Operator for Linear Mon Angular Momentum and Energy as Hermitian Operator	
*	The Average Value of the Square of Hermitian Operators	62
*	Commuting Operators and Uncertainty Principle (x & p; E & t)	63
*	Schrodinger Wave Equation for a Particle in One Dimensional Box	
*	Evaluation of Average Position, Average Momentum and Determination of Uncertainty in and Momentum and Hence Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle	Position
*	Pictorial Representation of the Wave Equation of a Particle in One Dimensional Box Influence on the Kinetic Energy of the Particle in Each Successive Quantum Level	and Its
	Lowest Energy of the Particle	
*	Problems	
*	Bibliography	83
CHAP'	TER 2	84
Ther	·modynamics – I	84
*	Brief Resume of First and Second Law of Thermodynamics	84
*	Entropy Changes in Reversible and Irreversible Processes	87
*	Variation of Entropy with Temperature, Pressure and Volume	92
*	Entropy Concept as a Measure of Unavailable Energy and Criteria for the Spontaneity of R	
*	Free Energy, Enthalpy Functions and Their Significance, Criteria for Spontaneity of a Proce	ess 98
*	Partial Molar Quantities (Free Energy, Volume, Heat Concept)	104
*	Gibb's-Duhem Equation	108
*	Problems	111
*	Bibliography	112

CHAP	ΓER 3	. 113
Cher	nical Dynamics – I	113
*	Effect of Temperature on Reaction Rates	113
*	Rate Law for Opposing Reactions of Ist Order and IInd Order	119
*	Rate Law for Consecutive & Parallel Reactions of Ist Order Reactions	127
*	Collision Theory of Reaction Rates and Its Limitations	135
*	Steric Factor.	141
*	Activated Complex Theory	143
*	Ionic Reactions: Single and Double Sphere Models	147
*	Influence of Solvent and Ionic Strength	152
*	The Comparison of Collision and Activated Complex Theory	157
*	Problems	158
*	Bibliography	159
CHAP	ΓER 4	. 160
Elect	rochemistry – I: Ion-Ion Interactions	160
*	The Debye-Huckel Theory of Ion-Ion Interactions	160
*	Potential and Excess Charge Density as a Function of Distance from the Central Ion	168
*	Debye-Huckel Reciprocal Length	173
*	Ionic Cloud and Its Contribution to the Total Potential	176
*	Debye-Huckel Limiting Law of Activity Coefficients and Its Limitations	178
*	Ion-Size Effect on Potential	185
*	Ion-Size Parameter and the Theoretical Mean - Activity Coefficient in the Case of Ionic Clouds Finite-Sized Ions	
*	Debye-Huckel-Onsager Treatment for Aqueous Solutions and Its Limitations	190
*	Debye-Huckel-Onsager Theory for Non-Aqueous Solutions	195
*	The Solvent Effect on the Mobility at Infinite Dilution	
*	Equivalent Conductivity (Λ) vs Concentration $C^{1/2}$ as a Function of the Solvent	198
*	Effect of Ion Association Upon Conductivity (Debye-Huckel-Bjerrum Equation)	200
*	Problems	209
*	Bibliography	210
CHAP	ΓER 5	. 211
Quar	ntum Mechanics – II	211
*	Schrodinger Wave Equation for a Particle in a Three Dimensional Box	211

*	The Concept of Degeneracy Among Energy Levels for a Particle in Three Dimensional Box	215
*	Schrodinger Wave Equation for a Linear Harmonic Oscillator & Its Solution by Polynomial	
*	Zero Point Energy of a Particle Possessing Harmonic Motion and Its Consequence	
*	Schrodinger Wave Equation for Three Dimensional Rigid Rotator	
*	Energy of Rigid Rotator	
*	Space Quantization	
*	Schrodinger Wave Equation for Hydrogen Atom: Separation of Variable in Polar Sp Coordinates and Its Solution	
*	Principal, Azimuthal and Magnetic Quantum Numbers and the Magnitude of Their Values	268
*	Probability Distribution Function	276
*	Radial Distribution Function	278
*	Shape of Atomic Orbitals (s, p & d)	281
*	Problems	287
*	Bibliography	288
CHAP'	TER 6	289
Ther	modynamics – II	289
*	Clausius-Clapeyron Equation	289
*	Law of Mass Action and Its Thermodynamic Derivation	293
*	Third Law of Thermodynamics (Nernst Heat Theorem, Determination of Absolute E	ntropy,
	Unattainability of Absolute Zero) And Its Limitation	296
*	Phase Diagram for Two Completely Miscible Components Systems	304
*	Eutectic Systems (Calculation of Eutectic Point)	311
*	Systems Forming Solid Compounds A_xB_y with Congruent and Incongruent Melting Points	321
*	Phase Diagram and Thermodynamic Treatment of Solid Solutions	332
*	Problems	342
*	Bibliography	343
CHAP'	TER 7	344
Cher	nical Dynamics – II	344
•	Chain Reactions: Hydrogen-Bromine Reaction, Pyrolysis of Acetaldehyde, Decomposi	ition of
•	Ethane	
*	Photochemical Reactions (Hydrogen-Bromine & Hydrogen-Chlorine Reactions)	352
*	General Treatment of Chain Reactions (Ortho-Para Hydrogen Conversion and Hydrogen-B	romine
	Reactions)	358

*	Apparent Activation Energy of Chain Reactions	362
*	Chain Length	364
*	Rice-Herzfeld Mechanism of Organic Molecules Decomposition (Acetaldehyde)	366
*	Branching Chain Reactions and Explosions (H ₂ -O ₂ Reaction)	368
*	Kinetics of (One Intermediate) Enzymatic Reaction: Michaelis-Menten Treatment	371
*	Evaluation of Michaelis's Constant for Enzyme-Substrate Binding by Lineweaver-Burk Plo Eadie-Hofstee Methods	
	Competitive and Non-Competitive Inhibition	378
*	Problems	388
*	Bibliography	389
СНАРТ	TER 8	390
Elect	rochemistry – II: Ion Transport in Solutions	390
*	Ionic Movement Under the Influence of an Electric Field	390
*	Mobility of Ions	393
*	Ionic Drift Velocity and Its Relation with Current Density	394
*	Einstein Relation Between the Absolute Mobility and Diffusion Coefficient	398
*	The Stokes-Einstein Relation	401
*	The Nernst-Einstein Equation	403
*	Walden's Rule	404
*	The Rate-Process Approach to Ionic Migration	406
*	The Rate-Process Equation for Equivalent Conductivity	410
*	Total Driving Force for Ionic Transport: Nernst-Planck Flux Equation	412
*	Ionic Drift and Diffusion Potential	416
*	The Onsager Phenomenological Equations	418
	The Basic Equation for the Diffusion	419
*	Planck-Henderson Equation for the Diffusion Potential	422
*	Problems	425
*	Bibliography	426
INDEX		427



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